Unsupervised Embedding of Trajectories Captures the Latent Structure of Scientific Migration

Dr. Sadamori Kojaku
Assistant Professor, Department of Systems Science and Industrial Engineering, Binghamton University

Wednesday January 24, 2024   12:00-1:00pm EST
Hybrid (EB-T1 & Zoom; meeting link available on http://coco.binghamton.edu/)

Human migration and mobility drive major societal phenomena, including epidemics, economies, innovation, and the diffusion of ideas. Although human mobility and migration have been heavily constrained by geographic distance throughout history, advances and globalization are making other factors, such as language and culture, increasingly more important. Advances in neural embedding models, originally designed for natural language, provide an opportunity to tame this complexity and open new avenues for studying migration. Here, we demonstrate the ability of the model word2vec to encode nuanced relationships between discrete locations from migration trajectories, producing an accurate, dense, continuous, and meaningful vector-space representation. The resulting representation provides a functional distance between locations, as well as a “digital double” that can be distributed, re-used, and itself interrogated to understand the many dimensions of migration. We show that the unique power of word2vec to encode migration patterns stems from its mathematical equivalence with the gravity model of mobility. Focusing on the case of scientific migration, we apply word2vec to a database of three million migration trajectories of scientists derived from the affiliations listed on their publication records. Using techniques that leverage its semantic structure, we demonstrate that embeddings can learn the rich structure that underpins scientific migration, such as cultural, linguistic, and prestige relationships at multiple levels of granularity. Our results provide a theoretical foundation and methodological framework for using neural embeddings to represent and understand migration within and beyond science.

Dr. Sadamori Kojaku is an Assistant Professor in the Department of Systems Science and Industrial Engineering at Binghamton University. He obtained his PhD in Computer Science from Hokkaido University, Japan. He was a research associate at the University of Bristol, UK, working on network science under the supervision of Dr. Naoki Masuda, and then a postdoctoral fellow at Indiana University, working with Dr. Yong-Yeol Ahn on representation learning for the science of science, before joining Binghamton in Fall 2023. His research interests include complex systems, network science, computational social sciences, science of science, and representation learning.

For more information, contact Hiroki Sayama (sayama@binghamton.edu). http://coco.binghamton.edu/